



## Holistic Rubric for 3-Point Modeling Constructed Response Items

This holistic rubric guides the evaluation of a student response by providing descriptions of sample characteristics for each score point. A score is based on an overall analysis of what is included in a student's response rather than what is missing. It is not necessary for a response to include all of the sample characteristics.

Points	Sample Characteristics
3 Points	<ul> <li>A three-point response provides full and complete evidence of the modeling process used to solve a real-world problem.</li> <li>The response may: <ul> <li>identify the problem that needs to be solved.</li> <li>determine information that is needed to solve the problem.</li> <li>communicate an accurate, organized solution path that is aligned to the problem using appropriate, effective, and precise representations.</li> <li>contain minor flaws that do not detract from correct modeling or demonstration of a thorough understanding.</li> <li>evaluate or validate a partial or complete solution and show how to improve or refine the solution.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
2 Points	A two-point response provides partial evidence of the modeling process used to solve a real- world problem.
	<ul> <li>The response may:</li> <li>partially identify the problem that needs to be solved.</li> <li>determine some of the information that is needed to solve the problem.</li> <li>include a partial solution path that may be incomplete.</li> <li>contain some errors in identifying the mathematics that is needed to solve the problem.</li> <li>evaluate or validate a partial or complete solution and attempt to improve or refine the solution.</li> </ul>
1 Point	<ul> <li>A one-point response provides limited evidence of the modeling process used to solve a real-world problem.</li> <li>The response may: <ul> <li>partially or incorrectly identify the problem that needs to be solved.</li> <li>determine a minimal amount of the information that is needed to solve the problem.</li> <li>include an incomplete or unorganized solution path.</li> <li>contain errors in identifying the mathematics that is needed to solve the problem.</li> <li>contain the correct solution, but work is limited or missing.</li> <li>evaluate or validate a partial or complete solution but does not show how to improve or refine the solution.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
0 Point	A zero-point response is completely incorrect, incoherent or irrelevant.





## Holistic Rubric for 4-Point Modeling Constructed Response Items

This holistic rubric guides the evaluation of a student response by providing descriptions of sample characteristics for each score point. A score is based on an overall analysis of what is included in a student's response rather than what is missing. It is not necessary for a response to include all of the sample characteristics.

Points	Sample Characteristics
4 Points	A four-point response provides full and complete evidence of the modeling process used to solve
	a real-world problem.
	The response may:
	<ul> <li>identify the problem that needs to be solved.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>determine information that is needed to solve the problem.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>communicate an accurate, organized solution path that is aligned to the problem</li> </ul>
	using appropriate, effective, and essentially precise representations.
	<ul> <li>contain minor flaws that do not detract from correct modeling or demonstration of a</li> </ul>
	thorough understanding.
	<ul> <li>evaluate or validate a partial or complete solution and show how to improve or refine the</li> </ul>
	solution.
3 Points	A three-point response provides evidence of the modeling process used to solve a real-world
	problem.
	The response may:
	<ul> <li>identify most of the problem that needs to be solved.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>determine most of the information that is needed to solve the problem.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>communicate an accurate, organized solution path that is aligned to the problem</li> </ul>
	using appropriate, effective, and precise representations with minor flaws.
	<ul> <li>evaluate or validate a partial or complete solution and show how to improve or refine the solution, but the improvement on refinement on solution and show how to improve or refine the</li> </ul>
2 Dointo	Solution, but the improvement or refinement may include minor flaws.
2 201115	A two-point response provides partial evidence of the modeling process used to solve a real-
	The response may:
	<ul> <li>partially identify the problem that needs to be solved.</li> </ul>
	determine some of the information that is needed to solve the problem.
	<ul> <li>Include a partial solution path that may be incomplete.</li> <li>contain some errors in identifying the methematics that is needed to achye the problem.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>contain some errors indentifying the mathematics that is needed to solve the problem.</li> <li>evaluate or validate a partial or complete solution and attempt to improve or refine the</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>evaluate of valuate a partial of complete solution and attempt to improve of refine the solution</li> </ul>
1 Point	A one-point response provides limited evidence of the modeling process used to solve a real-
	world problem.
	<ul> <li>partially or incorrectly identify the problem that needs to be solved</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>determine a minimal amount of the information that is needed to solve the problem.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>include an incomplete or unorganized solution path.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>contain errors in identifying the mathematics that is needed to solve the problem.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>contain the correct solution, but work is limited or missing.</li> </ul>
	evaluate or validate a partial or complete solution but does not show how to improve or
	refine the solution.
0 Point	A zero-point response is completely incorrect, incoherent or irrelevant.